

CloudSpeed Ascend and CloudSpeed Ultra 2.5" SATA Solid State Drive Generic

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Revision History

| Date | Revision | Section(s) | Description |
|------------|----------|---------------------|---|
| June 2016 | 3 | All | Western Digital corporate branding applied. No technical information changed. |
| March 2015 | 2 | 1.1, 1.2, and 1.4.1 | Updates to performance numbers. |
| April 2014 | 1 | All | Initial release. |

Caution – Handling

Static electricity may be discharged through this disk subsystem. In extreme cases, this may temporarily interrupt the operation or damage components. To prevent this, make sure you are working in an ESD-safe environment. For example, before handling the disk subsystem, touch a grounded device, such as a computer case.



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1.0 General Description

1.1 Overview

The SanDisk CloudSpeed™ solid state drive (SSD) product family is designed specifically to address the growing need for SSDs that are optimized for mixed workload applications in enterprise server and cloud computing environments. Leveraging SanDisk's proprietary Guardian Technology™ Platform, tier-one OEM-enterprise firmware, proven power fail technology, and the latest generation of consumer Multi-Level Cell (MLC) NAND flash, the CloudSpeed SSD product family offers all the features expected from an enterprise-class drive at the right value.

Available in capacities of 100–960 GBytes, the CloudSpeed SSD product family features a 6 Gbits/sec Serial Advanced Technology Attachment (SATA) interface and provides up to 468–450 MBytes/sec sequential read/write and up to 76–33.8 K Input/Output Operations Per Second (IOPS) random read/write performance.

The CloudSpeed product family is powered by SanDisk's proprietary Guardian Technology Platform™, a comprehensive suite of innovative features comprised of FlashGuard™, DataGuard™, and EverGuard™ technologies.

FlashGuard extends the native endurance of Multi-Level Cell (MLC) flash-based products. It combines Aggregated Flash Management, which treats all flash elements as a single system, and Advanced Signal Processing, which dynamically adjusts flash parameters throughout the life of the SSD. Using these features, with proprietary-enhanced error-correction techniques, FlashGuard technology provides the endurance enhancements required to enable the use of MLC flash in mission-critical enterprise applications.

CloudSpeed implements data path protection using a comprehensive set of features, including:

- ECC and parity protection on internal data path memories
- CRC protection on internal SATA link data paths
- ECC on data resident in flash
- Flexible Redundant Array of Independent Memory Elements (FRAME) block-level flash data recovery/redundancy

EverGuard protects against loss of user data in the event of unexpected power interruptions using a third-generation backup power circuit design and high-reliability discrete capacitors.

SanDisk has built its foundation by providing proven technology and quality products to the most demanding Fortune 100 OEMs. SanDisk engineers its products to perform at the highest degree of reliability and compatibility.

1.2 Features

- **Type:** 2.5" SATA SSD
- **Interface:** Compatible with the SATA 3.1, 6 Gbits/sec Standard
- **Capacities:**
 - CloudSpeed Ascend: 120 GBytes, 240 GBytes, 480 GBytes, and 960 GBytes
 - CloudSpeed Ultra: 100 GBytes, 200 GBytes, 400 GBytes, and 800 GBytes
- **Data Rates¹:**
 - **CloudSpeed Ascend:**
 - **Read/Write, Sequential¹:** Up to 468/450 MBytes/sec
 - **Read/Write, Random²:** Up to 76,000/14,800 IOPS
 - **CloudSpeed Ultra:**
 - **Read/Write, Sequential²:** Up to up to 468/450 MBytes/sec
 - **Read/Write, Random³:** Up to 75,000/33,800 IOPS
- **Access Time:** <2.0 msec
- **Operating Temperature⁴:** 0 °C to 70 °C (internal)
- **Compliance:**
 - RoHS
 - Halogen-free
- **Warranty:** 5 years

1. Max performance is possible on the largest capacity point only.
2. Based on 4 KByte transfers. Final numbers are pending evaluation.
3. Based on 4 KByte transfers. Final numbers are pending evaluation.
4. As measured by internal drive thermal sensors.

1.3 Unique Features

- Drive-specific SMART Attributes
- FlashGuard Technology
 - Extended Endurance of MLC Flash
 - Aggregated Flash Management
 - Advanced Signal Processing
 - Enhanced Error Correction
- DataGuard Technology
 - Protects Against Data Corruption and Loss
 - FRAME Technology
- EverGuard Technology
 - Data Protection in the Event of Unanticipated Power Outages
 - High-reliability Backup Power Circuitry
- Superior Reliability
- Full Data Path Protection
- Temperature Throttling
- Field Upgradeable Firmware (Through the SATA Interface)

1.4 Operational Characteristics

All listed values are typical unless otherwise stated.

1.4.1 Performance

Table 1: Performance Characteristics

| Characteristic | CloudSpeed Ascend Performance | CloudSpeed Ultra Performance |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Sequential Read (Maximum) | Up to 468 MBytes/sec | Up to 468 MBytes/sec |
| Sequential Write (Maximum) | Up to 450 MBytes/sec | Up to 450 MBytes/sec |
| Random Read IOPS (Maximum) | Up to 76,000 IOPS ⁵ | Up to 75,000 IOPS ⁵ |
| Random Write IOPS (Maximum) | Up to 14,800 IOPS ⁵ | Up to 33,800 IOPS ⁵ |
| Access Time | < 2.0 msec | < 2.0 msec |

1.4.2 Reliability

Table 2: Reliability Characteristics

| Characteristic | Model | Value |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Data Reliability | All CloudSpeed Configurations | <1 in 10^{17} bits read ⁶ |
| Data Retention | All CloudSpeed Configurations | 1 year @ 0% P/E cycles; 3 months @ 100% P/E cycles ⁷ |
| Endurance (Random/ Sequential Workload) | CloudSpeed Ascend | 1/6 DWPD (Random/Sequential Workload) for 5 years ⁸ |
| | CloudSpeed Ultra | 3/7 DWPD (Random/Sequential Workload) for 5 years ⁸ |

1.4.3 Power

Table 3: Power Requirements⁹

| Parameter | Value (Typical) | Value (Max) | Unit |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| V _{IN} | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| Read | 3.5 | 4.5 | W |
| Write | 5.2 | 6.0 | W |
| Idle | 2.2 | 3.0 | W |

5. Random performance values are based on 4 KByte transfers. Final numbers are pending design verification testing (DVT).

6. The JEDEC 64.8 specification requires 1 in 10^{16} for enterprise-class SSDs.

7. Three-month data retention is based on operating and storage temperatures not to exceed 40 °C.

8. Application must manage Drive Writes Per Day (DWPD) throughout the life of the drive to ensure the five-year lifetime for specific workloads. For details about how this is calculated, please reference SanDisk White Paper WP004, *The Why and How of SSD Over Provisioning*.

9. Power measurements were taken on highest capacity drive with worst case workload condition. Lower capacities will have lower drive power. Results reflect average power.

1.5 Environmental Conditions

Table 4: Environment Tests

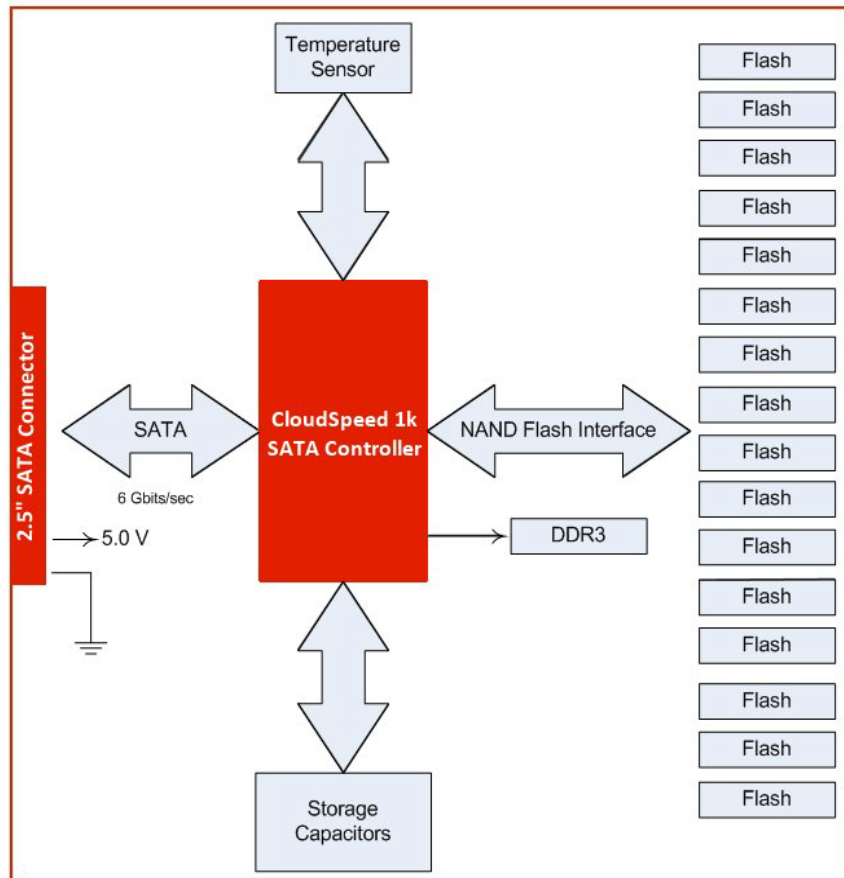
| Test | Condition | Limits |
|------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Altitude | Operating | -200 feet to 10,000 feet |
| | Shipping | -200 feet to 40,000 feet |
| | Storage | -200 feet to 40,000 feet |
| Temperature and Humidity | Operating | Temperature: 0 °C to 70 °C (internal) Humidity: 5% to 95% non-condensing, relative humidity NOTE: Warranty coverage is voided for drives that record temperatures in excess of 70 °C. |
| | Shipping/Storage | Temperature: -40 °C to 95 °C Humidity: 5% to 95% non-condensing, relative humidity NOTE: Non-operational exposure to temperatures in excess of 40 °C for periods exceeding three months should be avoided. The three-month EOL data retention specification requires storage temperatures do not exceed 40 °C. If necessary, contact SanDisk for further information. |
| Vibration | Operating | 2.17 g rms, 7-800 Hz, 10 min per axis |
| | Non-operating | 16.3 g rms, 20-2000 Hz, 30 min per axis |
| Shock | Operating | 1000 g @ 1.0 msec, one shock along each axis (x, y, and z) in each direction |
| | Non-operating | 1500 g @ 5 msec, one shock along each axis (x, y, and z) in each direction |
| Common Mode Noise | --- | 220 mV 10 KHz - 10 MHz |
| V _{cc} Ripple Noise | --- | 50 mV, 10 KHz - 50 KHz 100 mV, 50 KHz - 10 MHz |

2.0 Product Description

The CloudSpeed SSD contains a NAND flash controller that provides a 6 Gbits/sec SATA interface to the host. Parallel access to multiple flash sites allows overlapped, multi-block access to complete data transfer requests rapidly. A thermal sensor provides input to the controller regarding over-temperature conditions. The backup power circuitry feature provides a hold up capacitor array to ensure data integrity during power fail scenarios.

2.1 Functional Block Diagram

Figure 1: CloudSpeed Block Diagram



2.2 Flash Management

The CloudSpeed supports the following techniques for enhanced flash management:

- **Static Wear Leveling:** This feature eliminates overstressing flash media by spreading the data writes across all flash physical address space, including logical areas that are not written by the user.
- **ECC:** The CloudSpeed utilizes advanced two-level BCH code and a Flexible Redundant Array of Memory Elements (FRAME) data recovery algorithm. The drive activates this second tier of error correction if the ECC engine is unable to correct the data located in failed NAND pages.
- **Bad-block Management:** This feature tracks all manufacturing and run-time bad blocks of flash media and replaces them with new ones from the spare pool.
- **Data Retention Management:** As flash is used over the life of the drive, data retention capability declines. The CloudSpeed incorporates multiple data-retention management techniques to ensure the highest data reliability and integrity, even towards the end of the drive life.
- **Minimal Write Amplification:** Write amplification is defined as the ratio of total data written to the flash compared to the total data written by the host. This ratio varies continually as a function of workload. The CloudSpeed controller utilizes write optimization, effective wear leveling, intelligent bad-block management, and efficient recycling to deliver an unprecedented, low write amplification factor. This translates directly to higher and more stable performance over a longer life.

2.3 Endurance

The CloudSpeed SSDs provide the innovative FlashGuard technology feature to extract higher endurance from MLC flash. FlashGuard incorporates two important technology breakthroughs in the area of flash and SSD system management:

- Aggregated Flash Management
- Advanced Signal Processing

2.3.1 Aggregated Flash Management

SanDisk's Aggregated Flash Management technology prolongs the life of SSDs by treating all flash elements in the SSD as a system instead of as a collection of discrete elements. Aggregating the management of the flash over multiple pages within a block and over multiple blocks within the SSD reduces the limitations imposed at the page and block levels, thus extending the life of the drive.

FlashGuard treats each flash cell individually, thereby maximizing the effects of stronger flash elements (i.e., those that exhibit higher performance capability) while minimizing the effects of weaker elements. The capability of FlashGuard to distinguish between and take advantage of flash elements at the cellular level extends the endurance of the drive.

2.3.2 Advanced Signal Processing

The controller's Advanced Signal Processing technology periodically monitors the flash and collects detailed performance statistics. This information is used to dynamically adjust the flash operating parameters for maximum endurance from the drive throughout its operational life. To further extend the life of the drive, FlashGuard incorporates a proprietary enhanced error correction technology that corrects more data errors than is possible with standard error correction schemes.

2.4 Temperature Throttling

The CloudSpeed SSDs support temperature throttling to guarantee the life of the drive. With this feature, the drive throttles the drive performance based on a pre-configured temperature level of 65 °C, which is measured by the drive thermal sensor. When the critical temperature (65 °C) is reached, the drive throttles write performance and trips the Drive Temperature Warning SMART attribute (ID 190). Performance remains throttled until the temperature falls to 63 °C or below.

| | |
|--------------|--|
| NOTE: | The throttling level varies depending on the current workload. |
|--------------|--|

2.5 Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)

The MTBF statistic for CloudSpeed is calculated based on the MIL-HDBK-217 standard.

Table 5: MTBF Values

| Drive Capacity | MTBF (Hours) |
|----------------|--------------|
| All | >2,500,000 |

2.6 Regulatory Standards Compliance

Table 6: Regulatory Agency Approvals

| Category | Region | Compliance/Agency | Standard | Additional Information |
|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Safety | USA | UL | UL 60950-1, Second Edition | UL File No. E351027 |
| | Canada | CSA | CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, Second Edition | CSA Certificate |
| | Korea | EMI | KN22, KN24 | KCC Certificate |
| | Taiwan | EMI | CN 13438 | |
| SATA | | SATA-IO | SATA Revision 1.4 Interoperability testing | |
| RoHS | European Union | EU Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS) | N/A | |
| EMC | USA | FCC | FCC Part 15 Class B | FCC Declaration of Conformity |
| | Canada | Industry Canada | ICES-0030 Class B | IO Declaration of Conformity |
| | European Union | EU Directive 2004/108/EC (EMC) | EN 55022-2010 Class B | CE Declaration of Conformity |
| | Korea | KCC | KN22:2009 Class B, KN24:2009 | KCC Certificate |
| | Taiwan | BSMI | CN 13438 (2006) | BSMI Declaration of Conformity |
| | Australia | ACMA | AS/NZS CISPR22-2006, Class B | C-Tick Declaration of Conformity |

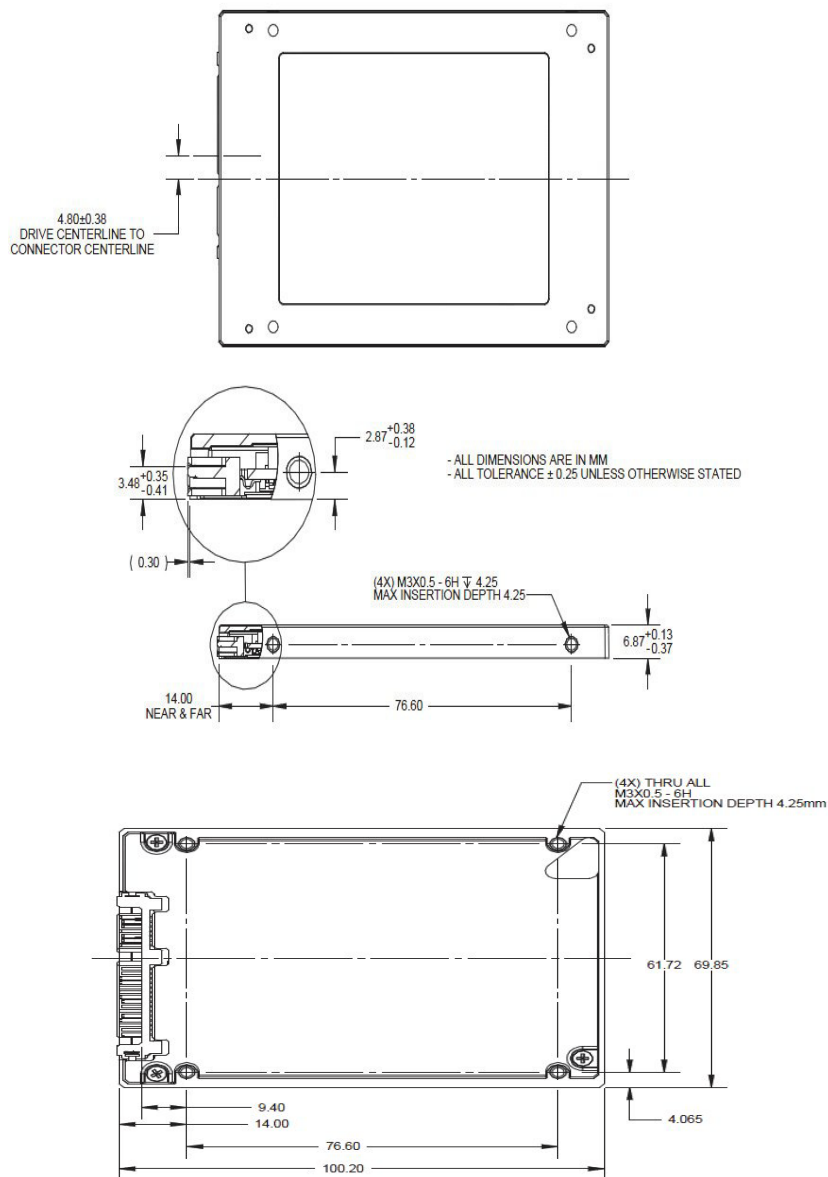
3.0 Mechanical Specifications

3.1 Physical Specifications

Table 7: Physical Characteristics

| Parameter | Value |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Height (Mounted) | 7.00 mm (maximum) |
| Width | 69.85 mm (nominal) |
| Length | 100.20 mm (nominal) |
| Weight | 89.90 g (maximum) |

Figure 2: CloudSpeed Drive Dimensions (in mm)



| | |
|--------------|---|
| NOTE: | The warranty is voided if the label is removed. |
|--------------|---|

4.0 Electrical Specifications

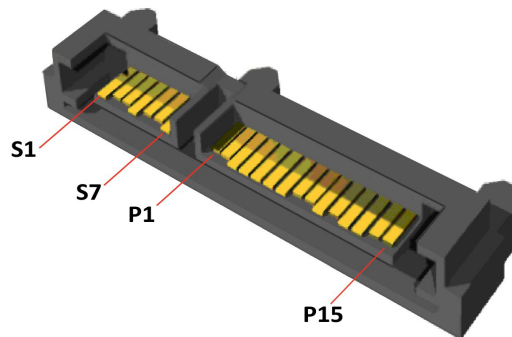
4.1 Electrical Interface

The CloudSpeed SSD is compliant with the SATA 3.0, 6.0 Gbits/sec standard.

4.1.1 CloudSpeed Interface Connector

The SATA connector on the CloudSpeed SSD includes a signal bay (S1 to S7) and a power bay (P1 to P15). The SATA connector can support both cabled and backplane plug-in connections. The connector complies with the Telcordia GR-78 standard (NEBS), meeting the minimum requirement of 30 μinches of gold over a nickel base of 50 μinches.

Figure 3: SATA Connector for the CloudSpeed SSD



4.1.2 Pinout Description-Power Pinout Descriptions

Table 8: Signal Pinout Descriptions

| Pin | Signal Name | In/Out | Signal Description |
|-----|-------------|--------|---------------------------------------|
| S1 | GND | N/A | 2 nd mate |
| S2 | Dev Rx+ | In | Receive differential pair signal in + |
| S3 | Dev Rx- | In | Receive differential pair signal in - |
| S4 | GND | N/A | 2 nd mate |
| S5 | Dev Tx- | Out | Transmit differential signal out - |
| S6 | Dev Tx+ | Out | Transmit differential signal out + |
| S7 | GND | N/A | 2 nd mate |

Table 9: Power Pinout Descriptions

| Pin | Signal Name | In/Out | Signal Description |
|-----|-------------|--------|------------------------|
| P1 | V3.3 | N/A | 3.3 V power (not used) |
| P2 | V3.3 | N/A | 3.3 V power (not used) |
| P3 | V3.3 | N/A | 3.3 V power (not used) |

Table 9: Power Pinout Descriptions (Continued)

| Pin | Signal Name | In/Out | Signal Description |
|-----|-------------|--------|--|
| P4 | GND | In | 1 st mate |
| P5 | GND | In | 2 nd mate |
| P6 | GND | In | 2 nd mate |
| P7 | V5 | In | 5 V power, pre-charged, 2 nd mate |
| P8 | V5 | In | 5 V power |
| P9 | V5 | In | 5 V power |
| P10 | GND | In | 2 nd mate |
| P11 | Reserved | In/Out | Activity indicator |
| P12 | GND | In | 1 st mate |
| P13 | V12 | N/A | 12 V power (not used) |
| P14 | V12 | N/A | 12 V power (not used) |
| P15 | V12 | N/A | 12 V power (not used) |

4.2 Remote LED

In compliance with the SATA standard, pin P11 on the SATA 15-pin power connector supports a remote LED. Because the signal is not suitable for directly driving an LED, a circuit external to the device must first buffer the signal. When connected, the remote LED indicates activity. Refer to the SATA standard for more details.

4.3 Thermal Sensor

The CloudSpeed SSD contains a thermal sensor on the printed circuit board. The sensor polls the drive for temperature information every 60 seconds, and the drive stores the highest and lowest readings in the drive logs. This temperature represents the temperature of the printed circuit board, not the drive case.

5.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 10: Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings (Max) | Unit |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------|------|
| V_{IN} | 5 V Supply Voltage | 5.5 | V |
| I_{ACTIVE} | Active Current | 1.2 | A |
| T_{STG} | Storage Temperature | -40 to 95 | °C |

5.1 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 11: Recommended Operating Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter | Ratings | Unit |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|------|
| V_{IN} | 5 V Supply Voltage | 5 / -10% | V |
| T_A | Operating Temperature (Internal) | 0 to 70 | °C |

5.2 DC Characteristics

Table 12: DC Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Average | Peak | Unit | Condition |
|-------------|----------------------|---------|------|------|-----------------------|
| I_{READ} | Active Read Current | 0.70 | 0.90 | A | $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ |
| I_{WRITE} | Active Write Current | 1.04 | 1.20 | A | $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ |
| I_{IDLE} | Idle Current | 0.44 | 0.60 | A | $V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$ |

6.0 Software Specifications

6.1 Enterprise SATA Implementation

SSD firmware implements all features required of enterprise drives.

Table 13: Supported ATA Commands

| Command Name | Op Code (Hex) | Command Set (Category) |
|---|---------------|------------------------|
| Check Power Mode* | E5 | Power Management |
| Data Set Management | 06 | General |
| Download Microcode | 92 | General |
| Execute Drive Diagnostic | 90 | General |
| Flush Cache | E7 | General |
| Flush Cache Extended (see Set Features Sub commands on page 22) | EA | 48-Bit Address |
| Identify Device | EC | General |
| Idle* | E3 | Power Management |
| Idle Immediate* | E1 | Power Management |
| NOP | 00 | General |
| Read Buffer PIO | E4 | General |
| Read DMA | C8 | General |
| Read DMA Extended | 25 | 48-Bit Address |
| Read DMA w/o Retries | C9 | General |
| Read FPDMAQ | 60 | NCQ |
| Read Log | 2F | GPL |
| Read Log DMA Extension | 47 | 48-Bit Address |
| Read Long w/o Retries | 23 | General |
| Read Multiple - PIO Multiple Read/Write | C4 | General |
| Read Multiple Ext - PIO Multiple Read/Write | 29 | 48-Bit Address |
| Read Native Max Address | F8 | HPA |
| Read Native Max Address Extended | 27 | 48-Bit Address |
| Read Sectors - PIO | 20 | General |
| Read Sectors Extended - PIO | 24 | 48-Bit Address |
| Read Sectors - PIO | 21 | General |
| Read Verify Sectors | 40 | General |
| Read Verify Sectors Extended - PIO | 42 | 48-Bit Address |
| Recalibrate | 10 | General |

Table 13: Supported ATA Commands (Continued)

| Command Name | Op Code (Hex) | Command Set (Category) |
|---|---------------|------------------------|
| Sanitize Device | B4 | General |
| Security Erase Prepare | F3 | Security |
| Security Erase Unit | F4 | Security |
| Security Freeze Lock | F5 | Security |
| Security Set Password | F1 | Security |
| Security Unlock | F2 | Security |
| Seek | 70 | General |
| Send FPDMA Queued | 65 | NCQ |
| Set Features (see Set Features Sub commands on page 22) | EF | General |
| Set Max Address | F9 | HPA |
| Set Max Address Extended | 39 | 48-Bit Address |
| Set Multiple Count - PIO Multiple Read/Write | C6 | General |
| Sleep* | E6 | Power Management |
| SMART Operations | B0 | SMART |
| Standby* | E2 | Power Management |
| Standby Immediate* | E0 | Power Management |
| Write Buffer DMA | E8 | General |
| Write DMA | CA | General |
| Write DMA Extended | 35 | 48-Bit Address |
| Write DMA w/o Retries | CB | General |
| Write FPDMAQ | 61 | NCQ |
| Write Log | 3F | GPL |
| Write Log DMA Extended | 57 | 48-Bit Address |
| Write Long | 32 | General |
| Write Long w/o Retries | 33 | General |
| Write Multiple - PIO Multiple Read/Write | C5 | General |
| Write Multiple Extended - PIO Multiple Read/Write | 39 | 48-Bit Address |
| Write Sectors | 30 | General |
| Write Sectors w/o Retries | 31 | General |
| Write Sectors Extended - PIO | 34 | 48-Bit Address |
| Write Uncorrectable Extended | 45 | General |

* The SSD accepts these commands and returns a good status, but does not execute the commands.

Table 14: Identify Device Information

| Word(s) | Data | Description |
|---------|--|---|
| 0 | 5A0Ch | General configuration; bit-significant information |
| 1-6 | 3FFFh, C837h, 0010h, 0000h, 0000h, 003Fh | Obsolete/retired/specific |
| 7-8 | 0000h | Reserved CompactFlash™ |
| 9 | 0000h | Retired |
| 10-19 | XXXXh | 20-character serial number in ASCII |
| 20-22 | 00004, 000h, 0032h | Retired/obsolete |
| 23 | XXXXh | Firmware revision (8 ASCII characters) |
| 27 | [Manufacturer's Info] | Model number |
| 47 | 8010h | Reserved |
| 48 | 0000h | TCG feature set options |
| 49 | 2F00h | Capabilities: IORDY, IORDY (DIS), LBA, DMA supported |
| 50 | 4001h | Capabilities |
| 51 | 0000h | Obsolete |
| 53 | 0007h | Free-fall control sensitivity |
| 54-58 | 3FFFh, 0010h, 003Fh, FC10h, 00FBh | Obsolete |
| 59 | 5100h | Reserved |
| 60-61 | FFFFh, 0FFFh | Total number of user addressable logical sectors |
| 62 | 0000h | Obsolete |
| 63 | 0007h | Reserved |
| 64 | 0003h | Reserved |
| 65 | 0078h | Minimum multiword DMA transfer cycle timer per word |
| 66 | 0078h | Manufacturer's recommended multiword DMA cycle time |
| 67 | 0078h | Minimum PIO transfer cycle time without flow control |
| 68 | 0078h | Minimum PIO transfer cycle time with IORDY flow control |
| 69-70 | 0D10h, 0000h | Reserved |
| 71-74 | 0000h | Reserved for IDENTIFY PACKET DEVICE command |
| 75 | 001Fh | Queue depth |
| 76 | A70Eh | Serial ATA capabilities |
| 77 | 0006h | Reserved for future Serial ATA capabilities |
| 78 | 00C4h | Serial ATA features supported |

Table 14: Identify Device Information (Continued)

| Word(s) | Data | Description |
|---------|---------------------|---|
| 79 | 0044h | Serial ATA features enabled |
| 80 | 01FEh | Major version number |
| 81 | 0021h | Minor version number |
| 82 | 746Bh | Commands and feature sets supported |
| 83 | 7401h | Commands and feature sets supported |
| 84 | 4163h | Command set/feature supported extension |
| 85 | 7009h | Command set/feature enabled |
| 86 | B401h | Command set/feature enabled |
| 87 | 4161h | Command set/feature enabled/supported |
| 88 | 407Fh | Ultra DMA Modes |
| 89-90 | 0000h | Reserved |
| 91 | 0000h | Current advanced power management value |
| 92 | 0000h | Master password revision code |
| 93 | 0000h | Hardware reset result |
| 94 | 0000h | Obsolete |
| 95 | 0000h | Stream minimum request size |
| 96 | 0000h | Streaming transfer time DMA |
| 97 | 0000h | Stream access latency; DMA and PIO |
| 98 | 0000h | Streaming performance granularity |
| 100-103 | XXXXh | Total number of user LBA for 48-bit address feature set |
| 104 | 0000h | Streaming transfer time PIO |
| 105 | 0000h | Reserved |
| 106 | 4000h | Physical/Logical sector size |
| 107 | 0000h | Inter-seek delay for ISO-7779 acoustic testing in μ sec |
| 108 | 5001h, 1731h, XXXXh | WWN |
| 112-115 | 0000h | Reserved for 128-bit World Wide name extension |
| 116 | 0000h | Reserved for INCITS TR-37-2004 |
| 117-118 | 0000h | Words per logical sector |
| 119 | 4058h | Commands and feature sets supported |
| 120 | 4018h | Commands and feature sets supported or enabled |
| 121-126 | 0000h | Reserved |

Table 14: Identify Device Information (Continued)

| Word(s) | Data | Description |
|---------|-------|---|
| 127 | 0000h | Obsolete |
| 128 | 0001h | Security Status |
| 129-159 | 0000h | Vendor specific |
| 160 | 0000h | CFA power mode 1 |
| 161-175 | 0000h | Reserved for assignment by the CompactFlash Association |
| 176-205 | 0000h | Current media serial number (60 ASCII characters) |
| 206 | 0000h | SCT command transport |
| 207-208 | 0000h | Reserved for CE-ATA |
| 209 | 0000h | Alignment of logical blocks within a larger physical block |
| 210-211 | 0000h | Write-Read-Verify sector count mode 3 only |
| 212 | 0000h | Verify sector count mode 2 only |
| 214 | 0000h | NV cache capabilities |
| 215 | 0000h | NV cache in logical blocks (LSW) |
| 216 | 0000h | NV cache in logical blocks (MSW) |
| 217 | 0001h | Nominal media rotation rate (ATA8-ACS 1699-D Rev 6) NV cache read transfer speed in MBytes/sec (ATA8-ACS 1699-D Revision 3f) |
| 218 | 0000h | NV cache write transfer speed in MBytes/sec |
| 219 | 0000h | NV cache options |
| 220 | 0000h | Write-Read-Verify feature set current mode |
| 221 | 0000h | Reserved |
| 222 | 0000h | Transport major revision number |
| 223 | 0000h | Transport minor revision number |
| 224-233 | 0000h | Reserved for CE-ATA |
| 234 | 0000h | Minimum number of 512 byte units per <code>DOWNLOAD MICROCODE</code> command mode 3 |
| 235 | 0000h | Maximum number of 512 byte units per <code>DOWNLOAD MICROCODE</code> command mode 3 |
| 236-254 | 0000h | Reserved |
| 255 | 7AA5h | Integrity Word |

Table 15: Set Features Sub commands

| Features | Decimal | Description |
|----------|---------|------------------------------------|
| 02 | 2 | Enable Write Cache |
| 10 | 16 | Enable Use of Serial ATA Features |
| 55 | 85 | Disable Read Look Ahead |
| 82 | 130 | Disable Write Cache |
| 90 | 144 | Disable Use of Serial ATA Features |
| AA | 170 | Enable Read Look Ahead |

6.2 Power Throttling

The CloudSpeed SSD supports a power-throttling feature to allow the host system to trade off performance for power dissipation in order to reduce internally generated heat. This feature is not continually variable. Power consumption is primarily a function of flash write activity, and to achieve performance, the CloudSpeed SSD is designed to submit work to multiple flash at the same time. Power can only be adjusted in increments related to this group size.

6.3 Supported SMART Operations

Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology (SMART) attributes provide diagnostic information regarding drive operation. SMART alerts the host to potential drive problems, allowing system operators to assess the situation and backup data prior to an operational failure.

With SMART, the CloudSpeed continually monitors a number of key internal operating parameters to identify performance changes which could be a sign of impending drive failure. When the drive detects such a condition, the drive alerts the host system of a reduction in reliability or performance.

Table 16: Supported SMART Attributes

| Attr ID (Decimal) | Threshold (Decimal) | Name | Values | Indicates |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| 2 | 1 | Internal File Check | | The file check is a test of an internal file system that contains non-volatile data. This should be zero. Normalized Range: Best: 0 Worst: 0 |
| 5 | N/A | Retired Block Count | Raw Usage | The total number of blocks added to the defect list Normalized Range: Best: 0 Worst: 0 Raw Usage: [5:8]: The total number of retired blocks |
| 9 | N/A | POH | 1-100 (Normalized) | The total number of hours the drive has had power applied to it since the date of manufacture Normalized Range: (normalized and worst values are the same value) Best: 100-1 Worst: 100-1 Raw Usage: [5:8]: Total number of power-on hours [9:11]: Total number of seconds since last power-on hour update |

Table 16: Supported SMART Attributes (Continued)

| Attr ID (Decimal) | Threshold (Decimal) | Name | Values | Indicates |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 12 | N/A | Device Power Cycle Count | 1-100 (Normalized) | The number of full Power cycles that have occurred since the date of manufacture Normalized Range: (normalized and worst values are the same value) Best: 100-1 Worst: 100-1 Raw Usage: [5:8]: Cumulative lifetime power cycle count |
| 13 | 255 | ECC Soft Read Error Rate | 120 (Normalized) | The rate of errors correctable by the first level of correction (ECC engine) Normalized Range: Best: 120 Worst: 120 Raw Usage: [5:8]: Count of correctable ECC errors |
| 32 | N/A | Write Amplification | Raw Usage | What is currently being written and what was previously written to the SSD. In order to accurately measure the value, a test should be run for enough time to ensure the drive has reached a steady state condition. Raw Usage: [5:8]: The write amplification multiplied by 100 (for example, a write amplification of 1 has a value of 100) |
| 170 | N/A | Reserved Block Remaining | Raw Usage | The number of reserved blocks (or spares) remaining Raw Usage: [5:8]: The total number of retired blocks |
| 171 | N/A | Program Fail Count | Raw Usage | The number of flash program failures that occurred since the date of manufacture Raw Usage: [5:8]: Program error count |
| 172 | N/A | Erase Fail Count | Raw Usage | The number of flash erase failures that occurred since the date of manufacture Raw Usage: [5:8]: Erase error count |
| 173 | N/A | Percent Drive Life Used | Raw Usage | The percent drive life used based on the percentage of over-provisioned erase blocks that are defective. This is the complement to attribute ID 177. Raw Usage: [5:8]: The percent of drive life used |
| 174 | N/A | Unexpected Power Loss Count | Raw Usage | The number of times the drive lost power without first receiving a Standby Immediate or Sleep command. Raw Usage: [5:8]: Unexpected power loss event count |

Table 16: Supported SMART Attributes (Continued)

| Attr ID (Decimal) | Threshold (Decimal) | Name | Values | Indicates |
|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 175 | N/A | Power Loss Protection Failure | Raw Usage | The total number of times over the lifetime of the drive when the drive has lost data intended to be written during a power down Raw Usage: [5:8] The number of power-loss-protection failures |
| 177 | 0 | Percent Drive Life Remaining | Raw Usage | The percentage of the drive life remaining Normalized Range: Best: 0 Worst: 0 Raw Usage: [5:8]: Percent of drive life remaining |
| 181 | N/A | Program Fail Count | Raw Usage | The number of flash-program failures that occurred since the date of manufacture. This is identical to attribute ID 171. Raw Usage: [5:8]: Program error count |
| 182 | N/A | Erase Fail Count | Raw Usage | The number of flash-erase failures that occurred since the date of manufacture. This is identical to attribute ID 172. Raw Usage: [5:8]: Erase error count |
| 190 | 65 | Drive Temperature Warning | 0-100 (Normalized) | Internal SSD temperature. If the current temperature exceeds the threshold value, the drive throttles performance. Normalized Range: Best: Current temperature (°C) Worst: Highest lifetime temperature Raw Usage: [5:6]: Current temperature (°C) [7]: Lowest temperature recorded since the last power cycle (°C) [8]: Highest temperature recorded since The last power cycle (°C) |
| 194 | 69 | Drive Temperature | 0-100 (Normalized) | Internal SSD temperature, including the lowest and highest recorded temperature since the date of manufacture Raw Usage: [5:6]: Current temperature (°C) [7]: Highest temperature recorded over the lifetime of the drive (°C) [8]: Lowest temperature recorded over the lifetime of the drive (°C) |
| 195 | N/A | Uncorrectable Error Count* | TBD (Normalized) | The total number of uncorrectable errors on reads and writes Normalized Range: Best: 120 Worst: 120 Raw Usage: [5:8]: Number of uncorrectable errors |

Table 16: Supported SMART Attributes (Continued)

| Attr ID (Decimal) | Threshold (Decimal) | Name | Values | Indicates |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|---|
| 196 | N/A | Reallocation Event Count | TBD (Normalized) | Total number of blocks added to the defect list Normalized Range: Best: 100 Worst: 100 Raw Usage: [5:8]: Total number of grown defects |
| 198 | TBD | Offline Scan Uncorrectable Count | Raw Usage | The rate of errors that are uncorrectable by the second level of error correction (FRAME). Currently, this reports zero. Raw Usage: [5:8]: TBD (Currently 0) |
| 199 | TBD | UDMA CRC Error | Raw Usage | The number of erase blocks that were added to the defect database as both factory and runtime defects Raw Usage: [5:8]: TBD (Currently 0) |
| 233 | N/A | Reserved | --- | This attribute is returned with the SMART Read Data command. It is for internal use only and, therefore, is not documented. |
| 241 | N/A | Lifetime Bytes Written by Host | Raw Usage | The total amount of data (in GBytes) the host has written to the drive since the date of manufacture. This value starts at zero and increments every 64 GBytes in units of 64. For example, after the first 64 GBytes are reached, the value increments from 0 to 64 (40h). When the next 64 GBytes are reached, the value increments to 128 (80h), and so on. Raw Usage: [5:8]: The number of 64 GByte increments written by the host |
| 242 | N/A | Lifetime Bytes Read by Host | Raw Usage | This value starts at zero and increments every 64 GBytes in units of 64. For example, after the first 64 GBytes are reached, the value increments from 0 to 64 (40h). When the next 64 GBytes are reached, the value increments to 128 (80h), and so on. Normalized Range: Best: 0 Worst: 0 Raw Usage: [5:8]: The number of 64 GByte increments read by the host |
| 245 | 100 | Percent Drive Life Used | Raw Usage | The percent drive life used based on the percentage of over-provisioned erase blocks that are defective. This is the complement to attribute ID 177. Normalized Range: Best: 0 Worst: 0 Raw Usage: [5:8]: The percent of drive life used |

7.0 Part Numbers

7.1 Part Numbering Information

Table 17: CloudSpeed Ascend Part Numbering Information

| CloudSpeed Ascend Part Number | Drive Capacity | LBA Count |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| SDLFODAR-240G-1HA1 | 240 GBytes | 468,862,128 |
| SDLFODAR-480G-1HA1 | 480 GBytes | 937,703,088 |
| SDLFOCAR-960G-1HA1 | 960 GBytes | 1,875,385,008 |

Table 18: CloudSpeed Ultra Part Numbering Information

| CloudSpeed Ultra Part Number | Drive Capacity | LBA Count |
|------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| SDLFODAM-200G-1HA1 | 200 GBytes | 390,721,968 |
| SDLFODAM-400G-1HA1 | 400 GBytes | 781,422,768 |
| SDLFOCAM-800G-1HA1 | 800 GBytes | 1,562,824,368 |